$\qquad$

## SOLVING INEQUALITIES

Solve $-2(x-1)+5 x=2(2 x-1)$

An $\qquad$ is a statement that two quantities are not equal.

These quantities are compared by using one of the following symbols:
$\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|}\hline< & \leq & > & \geq \\ \hline \mathrm{A}<\mathrm{B} & \mathrm{A} \leq \mathrm{B} & \mathrm{A}>\mathrm{B} \\ \mathrm{A} \text { is less than } \mathrm{B} & \mathrm{A} \text { is less than or } \\ \text { equal to } \mathrm{B}\end{array} \quad \mathrm{A}$ is greater than B $\left.\begin{array}{c}\mathrm{A} \text { is greater than or } \\ \text { equal to } \mathrm{B}\end{array}\right]$

EXAMPLES: Graph each of the following inequalities.

1. $b<-3$

2. $z \geq 5$


EXAMPLES: Write the inequality illustrated by each graph.


## RULE:

If you multiply or divide both sides of an inequality by a negative number, FLIP the inequality sign.

EXAMPLES: Solve each inequality and graph the solution.

| 5. $2 p+7>19$ | 6. $-9 \geq h-5$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 7. $4 x>-28$ | 8. $\frac{2}{3} \mathrm{c}<-6$ |
| 9. $-8 x<72$ | 10. $-3 \leq \frac{-x}{5}$ |
| 11. $160+4 \mathrm{f} \leq 500$ | 12. $7<21+2 \mathrm{t}$ |

