

Name _____

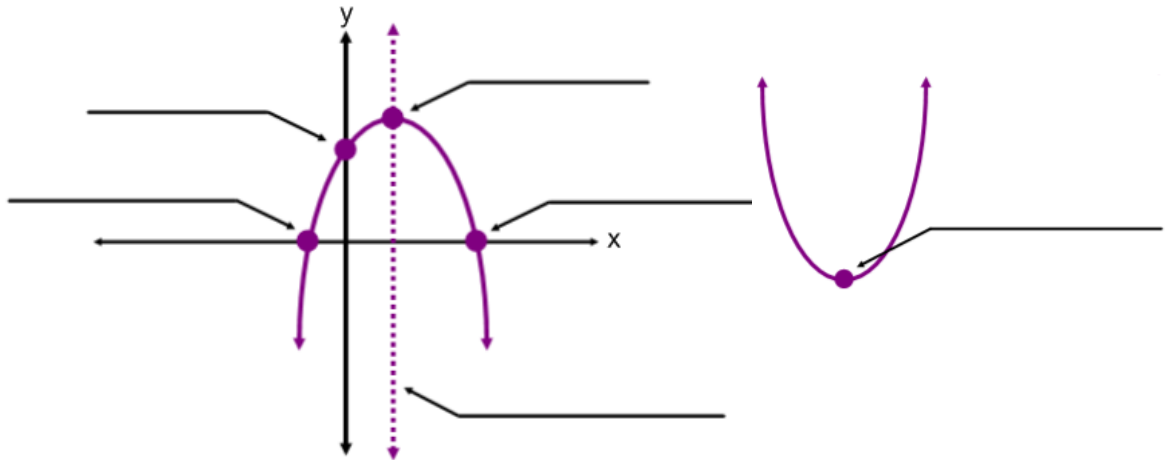
INTRO TO QUADRATIC FUNCTIONS

A **quadratic function** is a function that can be written in the form $y = ax^2 + bx + c$.

While linear functions form a straight line, **quadratic functions** form a “U” shaped graph known as a **parabola**. Using the word bank, label the parts of the parabolas below.

Word Bank:

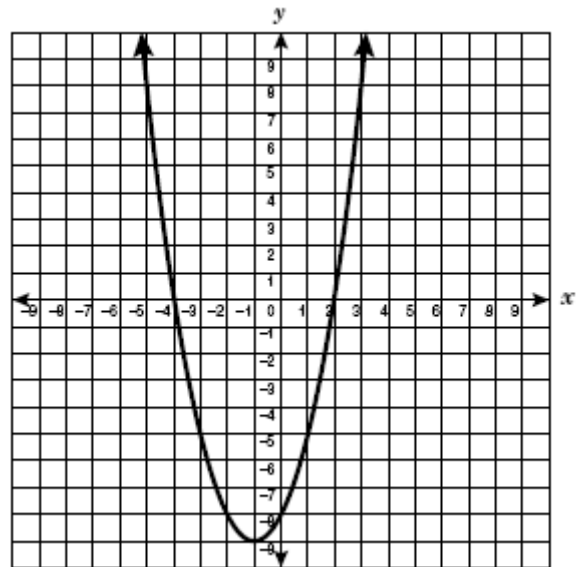
Vertex (Maximum)
Vertex (Minimum)
Axis of Symmetry
x-intercept
y-intercept



Note: The vertex is a minimum when $a > 0$ and a maximum when $a < 0$.

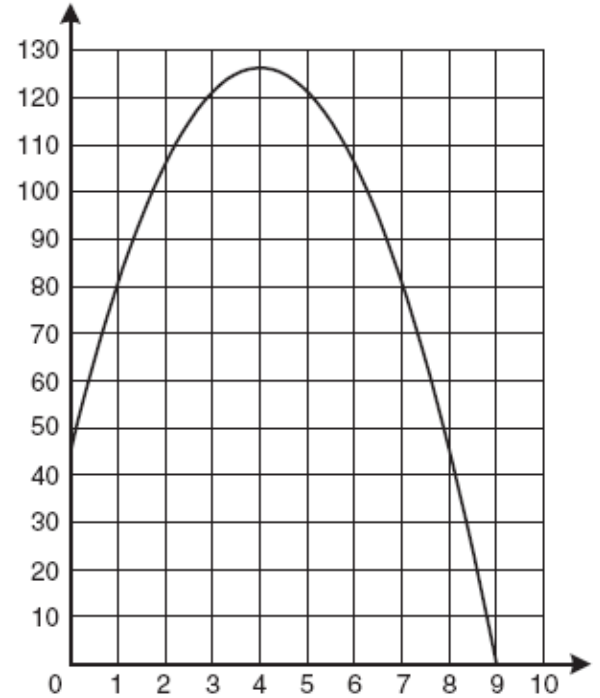
1. The quadratic function $f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 8$ is graphed below. Answer the following.

- Vertex: _____
- Is the vertex a max or a min? _____
- Axis of symmetry: _____
- y-intercept: _____
- x-intercepts: _____
- Domain: _____ Range: _____
- For what values of x does $f(x) = -5$? _____



2. Part of the function $g(x) = -5x^2 + 40x + 45$ is graphed. Answer the following.

- a) What is the maximum point? _____
- b) What is the line of symmetry? _____
- c) What is the y-intercept? _____
- d) What are the x-intercepts? _____
- e) Domain: _____ Range: _____
- f) What is the best estimate of the largest value of x for which this function equals 80?



The simplest quadratic function is the **quadratic parent function** with the equation $y = x^2$.

3. Make a table and graph the quadratic parent function.

a) Vertex: _____

b) x-intercept: _____

c) y-intercept: _____

d) Axis of symmetry: _____

e) Domain: _____

f) Range: _____

x	y

